



# 2011 OPEN BOOK TEST

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# OUR MISSION

- ▶ Go over questions and answers to the 2011 Open Book Test



# Question 1

- ▶ A 1 / 10 @ B-30. A1 runs to the B-20, where B2 grabs, pulls and twists A1's facemask. A1 is able to escape from B2 and runs for an apparent touchdown.
  - a. A must decline the penalty to have the touchdown count.
  - b. A can have the penalty assessed on the try.
  - c. A can have the penalty assessed on the subsequent kickoff.



# Question 1

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  - b. A can have the penalty assessed on the try.**
  - c. A can have the penalty assessed on the subsequent kickoff.**



# Question 1 Ruling

- ▶ The opponent of the scoring team has committed a foul that is not USC or non-player.
- ▶ There was no change of possession during the down.
- ▶ Therefore, per 8-2-2, A may accept the results of the play (the touchdown) and choose enforcement of the penalty on the try or the subsequent kickoff.



## Question 2

- ▶ K try @ R-3. K1's kick is blocked by R2. The ball bounces on the ground directly in front of K1, who, in disgust, picks the ball up and slams it to the ground.
  - a. K1 could have legally advanced the ball since he recovered it behind the line of scrimmage.
  - b. The slam is an illegal forward pass by K1.
  - c. B can have the penalty assessed on the succeeding spot.



## Question 2

- ▶ K try @ R-3. K1's kick is blocked by R2. The ball bounces on the ground directly in front of K1, who, in disgust, picks the ball up and slams it to the ground.
  - a. K1 could have legally advanced the ball since he recovered it behind the line of scrimmage.
  - b. The slam is an illegal forward pass by K1.
  - c. B can have the penalty assessed on the succeeding spot.**



# Question 2 Ruling

- ▶ During a try, the try is over when it is apparent that a place kick will not score, per 8-3-2b, so K1 could not have legally advanced the ball.
- ▶ Since the ball was dead, A could not have thrown an illegal forward pass, per 7-5-2.
- ▶ The spike is a violation of 9-5-2b, a foul for USC. The basic spot for USC fouls is the succeeding spot, per 10-4-5a.



# Question 3

- ▶ A 1 / 10 @ B-30. A1 runs for an apparent touchdown. The Umpire has a flag. He explains that lineman A2 blocked B3 in the back, above the waist, after the ball was dead.
  - a. Acceptance of the penalty means that the touchdown is nullified.
  - b. Foul by A2 is considered unsportsmanlike conduct.
  - c. B can elect to have the penalty assessed on the try.
  - d. B can elect to have the penalty assessed on the ensuing kickoff.



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  - b. Foul by A2 is considered unsportsmanlike conduct.
  - c. B can elect to have the penalty assessed on the try.**
  - d. B can elect to have the penalty assessed on the ensuing kickoff.**



# Question 3 Ruling

- ▶ Since the foul occurred after the ball was dead, it is, by definition, a dead ball foul, per 2-16-2a, and the touchdown counts.
- ▶ This was a contact foul but was not unintentional contact with an official, so it cannot be classified as unsportsmanlike conduct, per 2-16-2f.
- ▶ Since the foul occurred after the down in which a touchdown was scored, and prior to the initial ready for play for the try, B can elect to have the enforcement on the try or the subsequent kickoff, per 8-2-5.



# Question 4

- ▶ K 4/10 @ K-10. The snap flies over punter K1's head and goes into the end zone. The ball is rolling on the ground in the end zone, and, in an effort to keep several R players from getting the ball, K1 intentionally kicks the ball over the end line. Time expired for the first period during the down.
  - a. The result of the down is a safety.
  - b. R must decline the penalty in order to score a safety.
  - c. If R accepts the penalty, the period must be extended.



# Question 4

- ▶ . K 4/10 @ K-10. The snap flies over punter K1's head and goes into the end zone. The ball is rolling on the ground in the end zone, and, in an effort to keep several R players from getting the ball, K1 intentionally kicks the ball over the end line. Time expired for the first period during the down.
  - a. **The result of the down is a safety.**
  - b. R must decline the penalty in order to score a safety.
  - c. If R accepts the penalty, the period must be extended.



# Question 4 Ruling

- ▶ K1's kick does not meet the definition of a drop kick, place kick or punt, and is therefore an illegal kick per 2-24-1 and 6-2-1.
- ▶ The action that forced the ball across the end line was K1's illegal kick, therefore, the result of the down is a safety per 8-5-2b.
- ▶ The foul occurred during a loose-ball play, since the illegal kick by K1 was behind the neutral zone and prior to a change of team possession, per 10-3-1c.
- ▶ The basic spot for a foul during a loose ball play is the previous spot, so we have a foul by the offense behind the basic spot, per 10-4-2b and 10-6.
- ▶ Since the enforcement spot is in K's end zone, if the penalty is accepted it results in a safety, per 8-5-2c.
- ▶ We never extend a period for fouls for which the enforcement, by rule, result in a safety, per 3-3-4-b



# Question 5

- ▶ K 4/10 @ 50. The snap flies over punter K1's head. The ball is rolling on the ground @ K-35 when K1 kicks the rolling ball, sending it beyond the line of scrimmage. R2 alertly recovers the ball @ R-40, and returns it for an apparent touchdown.
  - a. K1's kick was legal.
  - b. K1's kick caused the ball to become dead.
  - c. The penalty for K1's foul includes a loss of down.
  - d. R could choose to assess the penalty on the try.
  - e. R must decline the penalty in order to have the touchdown count.
  - f. No fouls occurred, touchdown stands.



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  - a. K1's kick was legal.
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  - c. The penalty for K1's foul includes a loss of down.
  - d. R could choose to assess the penalty on the try.
  - e. R must decline the penalty in order to have the touchdown count.**
  - f. No fouls occurred, touchdown stands.



# Question 5 Ruling

- ▶ K1's kick does not meet the definition of a drop kick, place kick or punt, and is therefore an illegal kick per 2-24-1 and 6-2-1.
- ▶ The foul occurred during a loose-ball play, since the illegal kick by K1 was behind the neutral zone and prior to a change of team possession, per 10-3-1c.
- ▶ The basic spot for a foul during a loose ball play is the previous spot, so we have a foul by the offense behind the basic spot, per 10-4-2b and 10-6.
- ▶ R2 advanced a live ball, so he has, in fact, scored a touchdown.
- ▶ Since the foul occurred by the opponent of a team scoring a touchdown **prior to** a change of possession, R must decline the penalty in order to have the touchdown count.
- ▶ The only way R gets to tack on a foul by K during a touchdown would be if the foul by K occurred after the change of possession, per 8-2-3.



# Question 6

- ▶ A 1 /goal @ B-5. Eligible receiver A1 is grabbed and held by B2 as a legal forward pass from A3 is in the air, untouched by any player. A1 breaks free and makes a diving catch for a touchdown.
  - a. The covering official should not throw a flag because A1 made the catch.
  - b. A can have the penalty assessed on the subsequent kickoff.



# Question 6

- ▶ A 1 /goal @ B-5. Eligible receiver A1 is grabbed and held by B2 as a legal forward pass from A3 is in the air, untouched by any player. A1 breaks free and makes a diving catch for a touchdown.
  - a. The covering official should not throw a flag because A1 made the catch.
  - b. A can have the penalty assessed on the subsequent kickoff.**



# Question 6 Ruling

- ▶ B2's actions meet the definition of forward pass interference, per 7-5-10a.
- ▶ Since the opponent of the scoring team committed a foul (other than USC or nonplayer) during a down in which a touchdown was scored, A can have the penalty assessed either on the try or the subsequent kickoff, per 8-2-2.



# Question 7

- ▶ K 4/goal @ R-10. K1's field goal attempt is short. R2 is standing alone in the end zone, not paying any attention. The ball, which is still in flight, hits R2 on the helmet and bounces between the uprights, over the cross bar.
  - a. Field goal attempt is good.
  - b. Ball is dead when it hits R2.



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  - a. **Field goal attempt is good.**
  - b. Ball is dead when it hits R2.



# Question 7 Ruling

- ▶ A field goal attempt is a place kick or drop kick from scrimmage, per 8-4-1, and is an attempt to score, by definition.
- ▶ Therefore, per 4-2-2-d2, the kick is dead only when the ball in flight touches a K player in R's end zone, or, after breaking the plane of R's goal line, has apparently failed.
- ▶ Since the ball has passed between the vertical uprights and above the crossbar of the opponent's goal, the field goal is good, per 8-4-1.



## Question 8

- ▶ A 1/10 @ 50. Team A breaks the huddle. A83 lines up on the line of scrimmage, and then A99 lines up outside of him on the same side of the formation, also on the line of scrimmage, so that A99 is on the end of the line of scrimmage. Both A83 and A89 go downfield to catch a pass. Quarterback A1 throws a legal forward pass, but defensive lineman B2 tips the ball in flight @ 50, which is then caught by A83 @ B-40. A83 then runs for an apparent touchdown.
  - a. Ineligible downfield by A83.
  - b. Illegal touching by A83.
  - c. Offensive pass interference by A83.
  - d. No fouls—touchdown is good.



# Question 8

- ▶ A 1/10 @ 50. Team A breaks the huddle. A83 lines up on the line of scrimmage, and then A99 lines up outside of him on the same side of the formation, also on the line of scrimmage, so that A99 is on the end of the line of scrimmage. Both A83 and A89 go downfield to catch a pass. Quarterback A1 throws a legal forward pass, but defensive lineman B2 tips the ball in flight @ 50, which is then caught by A83 @ B-40. A83 then runs for an apparent touchdown.
  - a. Ineligible downfield by A83.
  - b. Illegal touching by A83.
  - c. Offensive pass interference by A83.
  - d. No fouls—touchdown is good.**



# Question 8 Ruling

- ▶ Restrictions for ineligible players downfield are terminated when B touches the pass in or behind the neutral zone, per 7-5-12.
- ▶ “Terminated” means the restrictions do not apply during the entire down, per 7.5.7A.
- ▶ Illegal touching is not possible if a legal forward pass has been first touched by B, per 7-5-13.
- ▶ A83’s actions are not offensive pass interference, even if B2 did not touch the ball, since A83 did not restrict any B player’s opportunity to move toward, catch or bat the pass, per 7-5-10.
- ▶ Since there were no fouls committed by A83, and B touched the pass, the touchdown is good.



# Question 9

- ▶ A try @ B-3. A in scrimmage kick formation, #32 is the snapper. All players are in a 2 point stance (hands on knees):

90 83 81 32 46 88 89

89 then shifts, without simulating action at the snap. All other players on the line go into a 3 point stance (one hand on the ground). A89 moves to the left side of the formation, and remains motionless for several seconds prior to the snap. At the snap, the formation looks like this:

89 90 83 81 32 46 88

Snapper A32 snaps directly to the kicker, who throws a forward pass to A88 who is standing alone in the end zone.

- a. Illegal shift by A89.
- b. Illegal touching by A88.
- c. Offensive pass interference by A88.
- d. If B accepts the penalty, A will repeat the try.



# Question 9

- ▶ A try @ B-3. A in scrimmage kick formation, #32 is the snapper. All players are in a 2 point stance (hands on knees):

90 83 81 32 46 88 89

89 then shifts, without simulating action at the snap. All other players on the line go into a 3 point stance (one hand on the ground). A89 moves to the left side of the formation, and remains motionless for several seconds prior to the snap. At the snap, the formation looks like this:

89 90 83 81 32 46 88

Snapper A32 snaps directly to the kicker, who throws a forward pass to A88 who is standing alone in the end zone.

- Illegal shift by A89.
- Illegal touching by A88.**
- Offensive pass interference by A88.
- If B accepts the penalty, A will repeat the try.



# Question 9 Ruling

- ▶ A89 was not restricted from shifting, since he did not have a hand or hand on or near the ground, and did not simulate action at the snap, per 7-1-7.
- ▶ This action occurred during a kick try, therefore, A88 entered the game under the numbering exception, per 7-2-5b, since K does not have 5 players wearing ineligible numbers.
- ▶ A player who enters the game under the numbering exception remains ineligible during the down, unless the pass is touched by B.
- ▶ Therefore, A88 committed illegal touching per 7-5-13.
- ▶ There is no forward pass interference, since A88 did not restrict an opponent's ability to move toward, bat or catch the ball, per 7-5-10.
- ▶ Since illegal touching is one of the 5 loss of down fouls, A's try is no good and there is no replay, per 8-3-4.



# Question 10

- ▶ A 1 / 10 @ B-40. There are 10 seconds left to go in the 2<sup>nd</sup> quarter. Quarterback A1 scrambles out of the pocket due to defensive pressure. A1 runs to the B-35 when he sees eligible receiver A2 alone in the end zone. He throws a forward pass to A2 who makes the catch in the end zone as time expires.
  - a. Illegal forward pass by A1.
  - b. Illegal touching by A2.
  - c. B must accept the A penalty or else A scores a touchdown.
  - d. If B accepts the A penalty, we have to extend the quarter for an untimed down.



# Question 10

- ▶ A 1 / 10 @ B-40. There are 10 seconds left to go in the 2<sup>nd</sup> quarter. Quarterback A1 scrambles out of the pocket due to defensive pressure. A1 runs to the B-35 when he sees eligible receiver A2 alone in the end zone. He throws a forward pass to A2 who makes the catch in the end zone as time expires.
  - a. **Illegal forward pass by A1.**
  - b. Illegal touching by A2.
  - c. **B must accept the A penalty or else A scores a touchdown.**
  - d. If B accepts the A penalty, we have to extend the quarter for an untimed down.



# Question 10 Ruling

- ▶ A1 has thrown an illegal forward pass, since the forward pass was made by A beyond the neutral zone, per 7-5-2b.
- ▶ Illegal touching applies only to legal forward passes, so A2 has not committed illegal touching per 7-5-13.
- ▶ Since A2 was in possession of a live ball in B's end zone, the result of the down is a touchdown, per 8-2-1b, therefore, B must accept the penalty for the illegal forward pass or A scores a touchdown.
- ▶ Since the penalty for an illegal forward pass carries a loss of down provision, there is no extension of the period, per 3-3-4b and 3.3.4B.



# Question 11

- ▶ A 2/10 @ 50. Running back A1 is hit by B2 @ 50, causing a fumble. The ball is rolling toward the sideline, but the Line Judge is not quick enough and allows the ball to hit the toes of his feet. His toes were in the field of play, but his heels were on the sideline. After hitting the LJ's feet, the ball rebounds back into the arms of B3, who has both knees on the ground, inbounds, @ 50.
  - a. Result of the down is B 1/10 @ 50.
  - b. Ball is dead when it hits the LJ's feet.



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  - a. Result of the down is B 1/10 @ 50.
  - b. Ball is dead when it hits the LJ's feet.**



# Question 11 Ruling

- ▶ The LJ was out of bounds, since he is an “other person” who is touching the sideline, per 2-29-1.
- ▶ A loose ball is out of bounds when it hits him, per 2-29-3 and is dead.



# Question 12

- ▶ A 1/10 @ A-20. A1 takes the handoff and is running around the end when B2 hits him from the side. A1 loses his balance, and touches the ground @ A-25 with both his left hand and the ball, which is in his right hand. Other than his feet, his hand and the ball, no other part of A1's body touches the ground. A1 pushes on the ball to regain his balance and begins to run again. A1 is forced out of bounds @ A-31.
  - a. A 2/5 @ A-25
  - b. A 1/10 @ A-31



# Question 12

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  - a. A 2/5 @ A-25
  - b. A 1/10 @ A-31**



# Question 12 Ruling

- ▶ Since the only part of the runner's body to touch the ground were his hands and feet, the ball remains alive, per 4-2-2a.



# Question 13

- ▶ A 1 / 10 @ A-20. A has only 6 players on the line of scrimmage at the snap. A1 runs with the ball to A-32, where, in an attempt to break free from B2, he grabs and twists B2's facemask. B2 manages to tackle A1 and bring him down @ A-35.
  - a. Don't give B a choice since it is obvious they will take the penalty for the facemask foul.
  - b. B's best choice is to decline the penalty for the facemask foul.
  - c. If B accepts the facemask foul, it is A 1 / 14 @ A-16.
  - d. If B accepts the illegal formation foul, it is enforced from the end of the run.



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  - b. B's best choice is to decline the penalty for the facemask foul.**
  - c. If B accepts the facemask foul, it is A 1 / 14 @ A-16.
  - d. If B accepts the illegal formation foul, it is enforced from the end of the run.



# Question 13 Ruling

- ▶ Illegal formation by A, per 7-2-5a. This is a foul simultaneous with the snap, so the basic spot is the previous spot, per 10-4-2a.
- ▶ Accepting the penalty for the illegal formation foul would mean A 1 / 15 @ A-15.
- ▶ The facemask foul by A occurred during a running play, so the basic spot is the end of the run.
- ▶ In this case, the foul occurred by the offense behind the basic spot, so the penalty is assessed from the spot of the foul, the A-32. 15 yards from the A-32 is the A-17, so it would be A 1 / 13 @ A-17.
- ▶ The penalty for the illegal formation foul is the best one for B to accept in this situation.



# Question 14

- ▶ K kickoff @ K-40. K1 pooches the kickoff and the ball hits the ground @ R-40. R players are confused and are nowhere near the ball. K2 comes down the field and attempts to recover the ball. K2 muffs the ball @ R-40, but the ball rolls out of bounds @ R-35, untouched by R.
  - a. Covering official should have thrown a bean bag when K2 muffed the ball @ R-40.
  - b. Covering official should have wound the clock when K2 muffed the ball @ R-40.
  - c. Covering official should have thrown a flag when K2 muffed the ball @ R-40.
  - d. Covering official should have thrown a flag when the ball went out of bounds @ R-35.
  - e. K2 has committed first touching.
  - f. R could elect to take the ball @ the spot of first touching.
  - g. R could elect to take the ball @ the spot where it rolled out of bounds.
  - h. R could elect to replay the kickoff with a 5 yard penalty from the previous spot.



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  - b. Covering official should have wound the clock when K2 muffed the ball @ R-40.**
  - c. Covering official should have thrown a flag when K2 muffed the ball @ R-40.
  - d. Covering official should have thrown a flag when the ball went out of bounds @ R-35.**
  - e. K2 has committed first touching.
  - f. R could elect to take the ball @ the spot of first touching.
  - g. R could elect to take the ball @ the spot where it rolled out of bounds.**
  - h. R could elect to replay the kickoff with a 5 yard penalty from the previous spot.**



# Question 14 Ruling

- ▶ There is no first touching because ball went beyond 10 yards, per 6-1-6, therefore, there is no need to throw a bean bag where K2 muffed the ball.
- ▶ Per 3-4-3, we need to wind the clock when the free kick was touched, other than first touching. Since this was not first touching, the clock should have been wound.
- ▶ Since R never touched the ball, this was a free kick that went out of bounds, untouched by R, therefore we have a flag at the out of bounds spot, per 6-1-8.
- ▶ In this situation, R has the choice to:
  - a) decline the penalty and put the ball in play at the inbounds spot, the R-35;
  - b) put the ball in play 25 yards from the previous spot, which is also the R-35; or
  - c) accept a 5 yard penalty from the previous spot and have K rekick.



# Question 15

- ▶ K 4/10 @ K-20. K is in scrimmage kick formation, with K1 about 10 yards behind the line of scrimmage in position to catch the snap and punt the ball. Snapper K2 snaps the ball, but he is not very talented, and the ball floats back to K1. Meanwhile, defensive lineman R3 blasts through the line of scrimmage. As K1 is stepping forward to punt, R3 tackles him. K1 is still holding the ball as he is tackled and downed.
  - a. Judgment call on whether this is roughing the kicker or not.
  - b. By rule this is not roughing the kicker.



# Question 15

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  - a. Judgment call on whether this is roughing the kicker or not.
  - b. By rule this is not roughing the kicker.**



# Question 15 Ruling

- ▶ A player becomes a kicker when his knee, lower leg or foot makes contact with the ball, per 2-32-8. Therefore, K1 was never a kicker.
- ▶ Per 9-4-5, roughing the kicker includes making contact with either the kicker or holder, which K1 was not.



# Question 16

- ▶ Opening kickoff of the game. K kicks off @ K-40. Team K is very confused, and 12 players run out onto the field. Officials do not say anything, and there are still 12 K players on the field when K1 kicks off. The kickoff goes out of bounds, untouched by R, @ R-10.
  - a. R can have the kickoff replayed.
  - b. K committed illegal participation.



# Question 16

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  - a. R can have the kickoff replayed.**
  - b. K committed illegal participation.**



# Question 16 Ruling

- ▶ Since there were 12 players on the field at the time of the free kick, K has committed illegal participation, per 9-6-4-c.
- ▶ Per 9.6 Comment 1, this is a foul that is considered to have occurred simultaneous with the snap.
- ▶ The 15 yard penalty is enforced from the previous spot, K would then kick off @ K-25.



# Question 17

- ▶ A 1 / 10 @ A-20. A1's legal forward pass, untouched by B, hits offensive tackle #78 in the back of the helmet. The ball bounces up in the air and is intercepted by B2, who begins to run. LJ throws a flag and then blows his whistle. Ball was in B2's possession @ A-2 when the whistle was blown.
  - a. Inadvertent whistle by LJ.
  - b. LJ's flag was for illegal touching.
  - c. LJ's flag was for offensive pass interference.
  - d. Since there was an inadvertent whistle, repeat the down, A 1 / 10 @ A-20.



# Question 17

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**a. Inadvertent whistle by LJ.**

b. LJ's flag was for illegal touching.

c. LJ's flag was for offensive pass interference.

d. Since there was an inadvertent whistle, repeat the down, A 1 / 10 @ A-20.



# Question 17 Ruling

- ▶ Although A #78 was ineligible by both number and position, he did not commit illegal touching since he did not bat, muff or catch the pass, per 7-5-13.
- ▶ The ball remained alive, since it never touched the ground, by definition of interception, per 2-23.
- ▶ There was no foul, and the ball was alive, so there was no reason for the LJ to blow the whistle, so there was an inadvertent whistle.
- ▶ Since B2 was in possession of the ball, B may accept the results of the play at the dead ball spot, the A-2, per 3-2-3a.
- ▶ B 1 /goal @ A-2.



# Question 18

- ▶ A 2 / 9 @ B10. Running back A1 is stopped for no gain, then linebacker B2 is flagged for contacting A3 after the ball was dead.
  - a. If A accepts the penalty it means an automatic first down for A.
  - b. If A accepts the penalty the next down will be A 3 / 4 @ B-5.



# Question 18

- ▶ A 2 / 9 @ B10. Running back A1 is stopped for no gain, then linebacker B2 is flagged for contacting A3 after the ball was dead.
  - a. If A accepts the penalty it means an automatic first down for A.
  - b. If A accepts the penalty the next down will be A 3 / 4 @ B-5.**



# Question 18 Ruling

- ▶ Dead ball foul per 2-16-2a.
- ▶ Dead ball fouls are enforced from the succeeding spot, per 9-4-5b.
- ▶ The only automatic first downs we have are DPI and the 4 Roughs.
- ▶ Enforce half the distance from the B-10, the down counts, since there is no reason to repeat the down.



# Question 19

- ▶ A 3/10 @ B-20. Eligible receiver A1 is in the end zone when he sees that A2's legal forward pass is going to be thrown very high and long. A1 intentionally goes out of the back of the end zone, across the end line. A1 stands out of bounds for a second, then leaps up, and, while airborne, bats the ball back into the end zone, where eligible receiver A3 catches the ball.
  - a. If B declines the penalty, A scores a touchdown.
  - b. Since A1 went out of bounds, the ball becomes dead when he bats it.
  - c. Since A1 went out of bounds intentionally, he became an ineligible receiver.
  - d. If B accepts the penalty, the enforcement spot is the B-20.



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# Question 19 Ruling

- ▶ A1 is not, by definition, out of bounds when he bats the ball, since he is airborne and therefore not touching anything out of bounds, per 2-29-1.
- ▶ Since the ball is only dead if A1 was out of bounds, A would score a touchdown if the penalty is declined.
- ▶ Since A1 went out of bounds intentionally, he has committed illegal participation, per 9-6-2.
- ▶ Since A1 was an eligible receiver at the snap, he is eligible throughout the down, per 7-5-6d.



## Question 20

- ▶ A1 and A2 are in the free blocking zone at the snap, and, while the ball is still in the zone, A1 first hits B2 low (below the knees) and then A3 hits B2 at the shoulders.
  - a. Good block.
  - b. Chop block.



## Question 20

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  - a. Good block.
  - b. Chop block.**
- ▶ RULING: This meets the new definition of a chop block per 2-3-8.



# Question 21

- ▶ A 3/10 @ B-25. Quarterback A1 throws a legal forward pass and is then roughed by B2. A3 catches the pass @ B-10, and advances to the B-5, where he is hit and fumbles the ball. The ball rolls out of the back of the end zone, across the end line, untouched by any player.
  - a. Spot of enforcement for the roughing foul is the B-5.
  - b. Spot of enforcement for the roughing foul is the B-20.
  - c. Spot of enforcement for the roughing foul is the B-25.



# Question 21

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  - a. Spot of enforcement for the roughing foul is the B-5.
  - b. Spot of enforcement for the roughing foul is the B- 20.
  - c. Spot of enforcement for the roughing foul is the B-25.**
- ▶ RULING: Since B would put the ball in play next, the spot of enforcement is the previous spot, per 9-4-4 Penalty.



# OUR MISSION

- ▶ Go over questions and answers to the 2011 Open Book Test